

(AUM AHAP-D2829, photo voucher). Adult encountered at 1540 h crossing road traveling north from drying wetland; air temperature of 26.3°C (79.3°F), humidity 63%, partly cloudy sky. New county record (Guyer et al. 2018. Lizards and Snakes of Alabama. University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. 397 pp.). The nearest vouchered record (AUM 23787) is from Redstone Arsenal in Madison County, Alabama, though specific locality information is lacking for this record. The western border of Redstone Arsenal is ca. 7.5 km to the east-northeast.

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INDOTYPHLOPS BRAMINUS (Brahminy Blindsnake). CUBA: LA HABANA: MUNICIPALITY OF CERRO: Havana, residential village of Casino Deportivo (23.08851°N, 82.38363°W; WGS 84), 38 m elev. 17 October 2021. Orlando González Cruz and Karina Velasco Pérez. Verified by Manuel Iturriaga Monsisbay. Institute of Ecology and Systematics, Havana, Cuba (CZACC 4.13505). The small snake (96 mm total length) was captured in the shade at 1405 h on a suburban patio while swimming in a water bucket where Siamese Fighting Fish (*Betta splendens*) were breeding. First municipality record and a geographic range extension of ca. 3.04 airline km west of the nearest published locality at Loma del Burro (23.10000°N, 82.35667°W; WGS 84), Municipality of Diez de Octubre, Havana, Cuba (Díaz and Cádiz 2014. IRCF Rept. Amphib. 21:140–141).

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INDOTYPHLOPS BRAMINUS (Brahminy Blindsnake). MÉXICO: VERACRUZ: MUNICIPALITY OF CÓRDOBA: Paseo del Río San Antonio (18.89983°N, 96.94004°W; WGS 84), 879 m elev. 2 September 2021. Rafael Peralta-Hernández. Verified by Víctor Vásquez-Cruz. Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County (LACM PC 2808, photo voucher). The snake was found at 0800 h in town crossing a sidewalk at the edge of a garden. First municipality record, which is located ca. 6.33 airline km east of the old railway station, Municipality of Fortín de las Flores, Veracruz (Vásquez-Cruz et al. 2021. Rev. Latin. Herpetol. 4:192–196). I thank Neftali Camacho for cataloging the photograph.

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LEPTODEIRA FRENATA (Rain Forest Cat-eyed Snake). MÉXICO: VERACRUZ: MUNICIPALITY OF PASO DEL MACHO: Rincón de los Toros (18.96780°N, 96.63344°W; WGS 84), 360 m elev. 29 October 2021. Víctor Vásquez-Cruz. Verified by Cynthia G. Ramírez-González. Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County (LACM PC 2887, 2888; photo voucher). The snake was found at ca. 1000 h in a sugarcane field. First record for the municipality, extending the range 24.6 airline km to the northwest of the closest reported locality at San Juan de La Punta, Municipality of Carrillo Puerto,

Veracruz, México (National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution [USNM] 111194). We thank Neftali Camacho for cataloging the photograph.

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NAJA SAMARENSIS (Southern Philippine Cobra). PHILIPPINES: BANGSAMORO REGION: MINDANAO: MAGUINDANAO PROVINCE: MUNICIPALITY OF UPI: Barangay Borongotan, Purok Gladiola (6.98629°N, 124.16893°E; WGS 84), 475 m elev. 11–12 July 2022. Peter Jan D. de Vera. Verified by Lief Erikson D. Gamalo. Zoological Reference Collection, Lee Kong Chian Natural History Museum, National University of Singapore (ZRC[IMG] 2.581a–e; photo vouchers). Three juveniles near an irrigation canal of rice field relocated away from residential area. First provincial record for Maguindanao. Previously recorded on Basilan, Bohol, Camiguin Sur, Dinagat, Leyte, Mindanao (Provinces of Agusan del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Sur, Lanao, Misamis Occidental, South Cotabato, Zamboanga City), Samar, and Siquijor (Leviton et al. 2018. Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. 64(14):399–568, Sy and Mangkabong 2018. South East Asia Vert. Rec. 2018:78–79; Sy and Bucol 2020. South East Asia Vert. Rec. 2020:36–37).

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NERODIA FASCIATA CONFLUENS (Broad-banded Watersnake). USA: TEXAS: HOPKINS CO.: ca. 8.6 air km NE and 1.53 air km N of Sulphur Springs (33.20652°N, 95.53622°W; WGS 84). 5 April 2022. Nick Hughes, Emily Yargeau, and Jason Nagro. Verified by Toby J. Hibbitts. Biodiversity Research and Teaching Collections, Texas A&M University (TCWC-PV 037; photo voucher). A live juvenile *N. f. confluens* was captured by hand on private property during state-wide reptile surveys. This record fills a gap between Raines, Wood, and Franklin counties (Dixon 2013. Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas: with Keys, Taxonomic Synopses, Bibliography, and Distribution Maps. Texas A&M University Press, College Station, Texas. 447 pp.). The nearest record is 19 km south and 25 km east on SH 37 in Franklin County (TCWC 62989). This specimen was collected under Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Permits SPR-0504-383 and handled under Institutional Animal Care and Usage Committee protocol 0320.001.R0-R2. Funding for this work was provided by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (contract #20-6997BG). We are indebted to our private landowners for their assistance in site access and permissions to complete this work.

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PANTHEROPHIS EMORYI (Great Plains Ratsnake). USA: ARKANSAS: NEVADA Co.: Arkansas Highway 278 (33.55601°N, 93.13256°W; WGS 84), 100 m elev. 15 May 2020. Calvin Vick and Hunter Talley. Verified by Gregory Pandelis. Amphibian and